

Group Cohomology

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recall: if X is a G -set, \bar{X} is a simplicial G -set:

$$\rightrightarrows G \times G \times G \times X \rightrightarrows G \times G \times X \rightrightarrows G \times X$$

with face maps $\bar{X}(d_i): G^{n+1} \times X \rightarrow G^n \times X$

"multiplies across i th comma"

$$g(g_0, \dots, g_{n-1}, x) = (gg_0, \dots, x)$$

(note that these $G^n \times X$ are still G -sets, with action)

now we'll finally do some cohomology.

if $X = 1 = \{*\}$, we call \bar{X} " EG ", looks like:

$$G \times G \times G \rightrightarrows G \times G \rightrightarrows G$$

with $EG(d_i)(g_0, \dots, g_n) = \begin{cases} (g_0, \dots, g_i g_{i+1}, \dots, g_n) & 0 \leq i < n \\ (g_0, \dots, g_{n-1}) & i = n \end{cases}$

dfn the geometric realization $|EG|$

$= EG \in \text{Top}$, the "universal contractible G -space"

(recall $|\cdot|: \text{Set}^{\Delta^{\text{op}}} \rightarrow \text{Top}$, but $(-): \text{Set} \rightarrow (\text{Set}^G)^{\Delta^{\text{op}}}$,

so we're actually doing

$$(\text{Set}^G)^{\Delta^{\text{op}}} \cong [\Delta^{\text{op}} \times G, \text{Set}] \cong [G, [\Delta^{\text{op}}, \text{Set}]]$$

" G -spaces" $\longrightarrow [G, \text{Top}]$

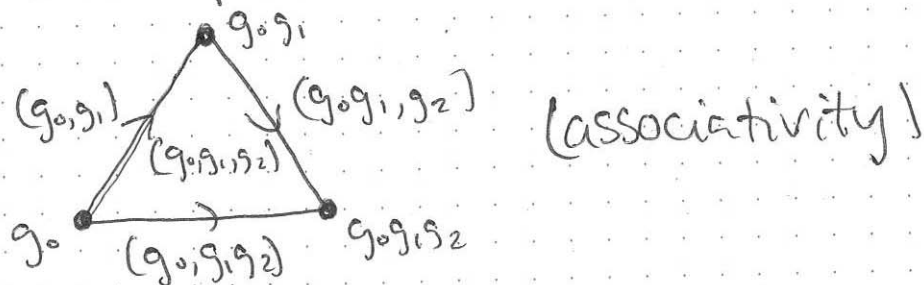
also last time claimed each component contractible)

since $X = 1$, EG is contractible.

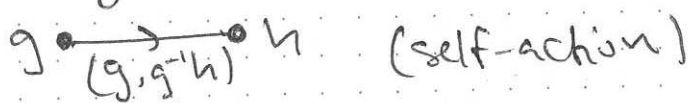
universal — some kind of initial property

(if Z is contractible G -space, $\exists! EG \xrightarrow{\psi} Z$ in Top^G)

a typical 2-simplex in $\mathbb{E}G$:



- note:
- there's one vertex for each group element
 - there's one edge from any vertex to any other



- there's one triangle $\forall (g, h, k) \in G^3$, expressing associativity
- one n -simplex $\forall (g_i) \in G^n$ etc.

We can turn $\mathbb{E}G$ into a simplicial abelian group using the free functor $\text{Set} \rightarrow \text{Ab}$, which we'll call $\mathbb{Z}[-] :: X \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}[X] \sim \mathbb{Z}$ -linear combinations of elements of X . $\mathbb{Z}[\mathbb{E}G]$ looks like:

$$\dots \mathbb{Z}[G \times G \times G] \begin{matrix} \xrightarrow{\partial_0} \\ \xrightarrow{\partial_1} \\ \xrightarrow{\partial_2} \end{matrix} \mathbb{Z}[G \times G] \begin{matrix} \xrightarrow{\partial_0} \\ \xrightarrow{\partial_1} \end{matrix} \mathbb{Z}[G]$$

with maps as before on generators

we can then turn it into a chain complex:

$$\dots \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}[G^3] \xrightarrow{\partial} \mathbb{Z}[G^2] \xrightarrow{\partial} \mathbb{Z}[G]$$

$$\text{with } \partial: \mathbb{Z}[G^n] \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}[G^n] = \sum_{i=0}^n (-1)^i \partial_i$$

(note: $\mathbb{Z}[\mathbb{E}G]$ is also a simplicial abelian G -module, ie still has an action of G)
 — on generators, $g(g_0, \dots, g_n) = (gg_0, \dots, g_n)$