String Connections and Supersymmetric Sigma Models

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1.) What are string connections?

2.) What are string connections good for?

Setup:

- Riemannian manifold (M, g) of dimension n
- ► Frame bundle P_{O(n)}

Whitehead tower:

$$\blacktriangleright \cdots \longrightarrow \operatorname{String}(n) \longrightarrow \operatorname{Spin}(n) \longrightarrow \operatorname{SO}(n) \longrightarrow \operatorname{O}(n)$$

• Orientation = Lift of $P_{O(n)}$ to SO(n)

Obstruction: $w_1 \in \mathrm{H}^1(M, \mathbb{Z}_2)$

- ► Spin structure = Lift of $P_{SO(n)}$ to Spin(n)Obstruction: $w_2 \in H^2(M, \mathbb{Z}_2)$
- ► String structure = Lift of $P_{\text{Spin}(n)}$ to String(n)Obstruction: $\frac{1}{2}p_1 \in \text{H}^4(M,\mathbb{Z})$

Question:

- A_g Levi-Cevita connection on $P_{O(n)}$
- Does A_g lift along lifts

$$\cdots \longrightarrow P_{\operatorname{String}(n)} \longrightarrow P_{\operatorname{Spin}(n)} \longrightarrow P_{\operatorname{SO}(n)} \longrightarrow P_{\operatorname{O}(n)} ?$$

Fact:

• Once a spin structure is given, A_g lifts uniquely.

What is the corresponding statement for string structures?

- ▶ Question is not well-defined: String(*n*) is not a Lie group!
- Way out:
 - (a) use strict Fréchet Lie 2-group (Baez et al. '07)
 - (b) use group object in smooth stacks (Schommer-Pries '09)
 - (c) do **not** use the string group (this talk)

Fact:

► Associated to any Spin(n)-bundle P over M is a finite-dimensional and smooth 2-gerbe CS_P over M, called Chern-Simons 2-gerbe.

• Its characteristic class is $\frac{1}{2}p_1 \in \mathrm{H}^4(M,\mathbb{Z})$.

Theorem (KW)

There is a canonical bijection

$$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{Equivalence} \\ \mathsf{classes of string} \\ \mathsf{structures on } P\end{array}\right\} \cong \left\{\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{Isomorphism classes of} \\ \mathsf{trivializations of } \mathbb{CS}_P\end{array}\right\}$$

Definition (replacing previous definition)

A string structure on P is a trivialization

$$\mathbb{CS}_P \xrightarrow{\mathbb{T}} \mathbb{I}$$

of the Chern-Simons 2-gerbe. Here ${\mathbb I}$ is the trivial gerbe.

Another fact:

► Associated to a connection A on P is a connection ∇_A on the Chern-Simons 2-gerbe CS_P.

Definition

A string connection for (\mathbb{T}, A) is an extension of the string structure \mathbb{T} to a connection-preserving trivialization

$$(\mathbb{CS}_P, \nabla_A) \xrightarrow{(\mathbb{T}, \mathbf{V})} (\mathbb{I}, \nabla_H).$$

The connection ∇_H on \mathbb{I} is given by $H \in \Omega^3(M)$.

Theorem (KW)

For any pair (\mathbb{T}, A) there exists a string connection. Their choices form an affine space.

What are string connections?

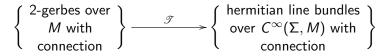
 Connection-preserving trivializations of the Chern-Simons 2-gerbe CS_P.

What are they good for?

Transgression:

Σ a closed surface

Transgression is a functorial assignment



> On characteristic classes, it is integration along the fibre:

$$\mathrm{H}^{4}(M,\mathbb{Z}) \xrightarrow{\int_{\Sigma} \mathrm{ev}^{*}} \mathrm{H}^{2}(C^{\infty}(\Sigma,M),\mathbb{Z})$$

What is the transgression of the Chern-Simons 2-gerbe?

► It is a **Pfaffian line bundle** over $C^{\infty}(\Sigma, M)$. What does the string connection (\mathbb{T}, \mathbf{V}) do?

By functorality, it trivializes this Pfaffian line bundle.

Pfaffian bundle:

- (Σ, γ) Riemann surface with spin structure, $S\Sigma$ spinor bundle.
- For each map $X : \Sigma \longrightarrow M$, there is a **twisted Dirac** operator

 $D_X : \Gamma(S\Sigma \otimes X^*TM) \longrightarrow \Gamma(S\Sigma \otimes X^*TM).$

• The **Pfaffian** of D_X is a complex line.

Theorem (Freed '87)

These Pfaffians form a hermitian line bundle $\mathcal{P}faff(D)$ with connection over $C^{\infty}(\Sigma, M)$.

Theorem (Bunke '09)

There exists a canonical isomorphism

$$\mathscr{T}(\mathbb{CS}_P, \nabla_A) \cong \mathcal{P}faff(D).$$

A supersymmetric sigma model is given by:

- Riemannian manifold (M,g)
- ▶ string structure \mathbb{T} with string connection $\mathbf{\nabla}$ for (\mathbb{T}, A_g) .

A field is:

- Riemann surface (Σ, γ) with spin structure
- map $X : \Sigma \longrightarrow M$ "Boson"
- section $\psi \in \Gamma(S\Sigma \otimes X^*TM)$ "Fermion"

Action functional:

•
$$S_{\Sigma}(X,\psi) := \int_{\Sigma} \operatorname{dvol}_{\gamma} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \langle \mathrm{d}X, \mathrm{d}X \rangle_{g} + \langle \psi, D_{X}\psi \rangle_{g} \right\}$$

What does the string connection do?

> The fermionic path integral is a well-defined element

$$s(X) := \int \mathrm{d}\psi \; \mathrm{e}^{\int_{\Sigma} \; \mathrm{d}\mathrm{vol}_{\gamma} \; \langle \psi, D_{X}\psi
angle_{g}} \in \mathcal{P}\!\mathit{faff}(D)$$

(Freed-Moore '06)

The remaining Feynman amplitude

$$\mathcal{A}_{\Sigma}(X) := \mathrm{e}^{\int_{\Sigma} \mathrm{dvol}_{\gamma} \frac{1}{2} \langle \mathrm{d}X, \mathrm{d}X \rangle_{g}} \cdot s(X)$$

is a section $\mathcal{A}_{\Sigma} \in \Gamma(\mathcal{P} faff(D))$.

 Since the string connection trivializes *Pfaff(D)*, the section *A_Σ* becomes a function

$$\mathcal{A}_{\Sigma}: C^{\infty}(\Sigma, M) \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}.$$

What are string connections?

 Connection-preserving trivializations of the Chern-Simons 2-gerbe CS_P.

What is a string connection good for?

It trivializes the Pfaffian line bundle *Pfaff(D)*, and makes the Feynman amplitude of the supersymmetric sigma model a function.

In terminology of Freed and Moore, it "sets the quantum integrand".

Literature:

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