

# Practice Final

## MATH 9A

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1. What are the dimensions in inches of the largest rectangle which can be inscribed inside the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{8} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$ ?
2. The surface area of a sphere is changing at a rate of 25 square millimeters per second. At what rate is the volume of the sphere changing when the radius is 10 millimeters? (Hint: The surface area and volume of a sphere are given by the formulas  $SA = 4\pi r^2$  and  $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ .)
3. The diameter of a tree was 12 inches. During the following year the circumference increased 1 inch. About how much did the tree's cross sectional area increase?
4. It took 10 seconds for a mercury thermometer to rise from  $0^\circ\text{F}$  to  $100^\circ\text{F}$  in boiling water. Show that somewhere along the way the mercury was rising at the rate of  $10^\circ\text{F}/\text{sec}$ .
5. A rocket lifts off the surface of the earth with a constant acceleration of  $25 \text{ m}/\text{sec}^2$ . How fast will the rocket be going after 10 seconds?
6. Find the intervals where the function  $f(x) = 3x^2 - 8x^3$  is increasing.
7. Identify the critical values of  $f(x) = \frac{x}{4 + x^2}$  as either local maxima, local minima or neither using the first derivative test.
8. Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \sin x}{x^2}$ .
9. Find the antiderivative  $F(x)$  of  $f(x) = x\sqrt{x^2 - 9}$  satisfying  $F(5) = 3$ .
10. Give a rough sketch of  $f$  given that  $f(x)$  is increasing on  $(-\infty, -1)$  and  $(3, 5)$ , decreasing on  $(-1, 3)$  and  $(5, \infty)$ , concave up on  $(0, 4)$  and concave down on  $(-\infty, 0)$  and  $(4, \infty)$  and  $f(-1) = 2$ ,  $f(0) = 0$ ,  $f(3) = -2$ ,  $f(4) = 1$  and  $f(5) = 4$ .

11. Find the tangent line to  $f(x) = \tan(2x) + (x + 1) \cos x$  at the point  $(0, 1)$ .
12. Using the definition of the limit, show that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 7 - 3x = 1$ .
13. For what value of  $a$  will  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x + a, & x > 2; \\ x^2 + 2x - 3, & x \leq 2 \end{cases}$  be continuous.
14. Suppose  $f$  and  $g$  are continuous functions with  $f(4) = 2$ ,  $g(4) = -1$ ,  $f'(4) = \frac{3}{2}$  and  $g'(4) = 7$ . Compute the following:
- (a)  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)'(4)$
- (b)  $(5f + fg)'(4)$ .
15. If  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = -1$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^+} f(x) = 4$ , could  $f(x)$  be an odd function? Explain your answer.