

Math 10B: Multi-var. Cal. 2
 Spring 2018
 Quiz 1 (010)
 04/19/2018
 Time Limit: 30 Minutes

Name (Print): _____

Discussion TA: _____

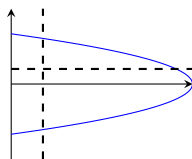
Discussion time: _____

1. (5 points) Let D be the region bounded by the y -axis and the parabola $x = -9y^2 + 4$. Set up the iterated integral of

$$\iint_D 3 \cos(y) e^{xy-x^2+y^3} dx dy$$

in both ways. You DO NOT need to evaluate it.

Solution:



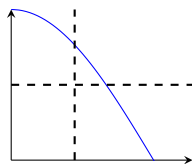
$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D 3 \cos(y) e^{xy-x^2+y^3} dx dy &= \int_{-2/3}^{2/3} \int_0^{-9y^2+4} 3 \cos(y) e^{xy-x^2+y^3} dx dy \\ &= \int_0^4 \int_{-\sqrt{4-x}/3}^{\sqrt{4-x}/3} 3 \cos(y) e^{xy-x^2+y^3} dy dx. \end{aligned}$$

2. (5 points) Let D be the region bounded by the x -axis ($0 \leq x \leq \pi/2$), y -axis and $y = \cos(x)$. Set up the iterated integral of

$$\iiint_D \ln \left(\cos \left(\frac{x+y}{3\pi} \right) \right) dx dy$$

in both ways. You DO NOT need to evaluate it.

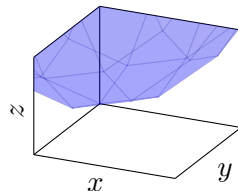
Solution:



$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D \ln \left(\cos \left(\frac{x+y}{3\pi} \right) \right) dx dy &= \int_0^1 \int_0^{\arccos y} \ln \left(\cos \left(\frac{x+y}{3\pi} \right) \right) dx dy \\ &= \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\cos x} \ln \left(\cos \left(\frac{x+y}{3\pi} \right) \right) dy dx. \end{aligned}$$

3. (5 points) Let W be the region bounded by $z = 0$, $x = 0$, $x = 1$, $y = 0$, $y = 1$, and $z = x^2 + y^2$. Please write a double integral formula **AND** a triple integral formula to compute the volume of W . You can use any order you want and you DON'T need to evaluate the formulas.

Solution:

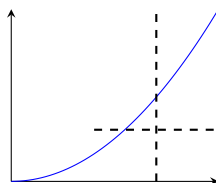


$$\text{Vol}(W) = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (x^2 + y^2) dx dy = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^{x^2+y^2} 1 dz dx dy.$$

4. (5 points) Change the order of integration, and evaluate it in that order.

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{x^2} (x + y) dy dx.$$

Solution:



$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^1 \int_0^{x^2} (x + y) dy dx &= \int_0^1 \int_{\sqrt{y}}^1 (x + y) dx dy = \int_0^1 \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + xy \right) \Big|_{\sqrt{y}}^1 dy \\ &= \int_0^1 \left(\frac{1}{2} + y \right) - \left(\frac{y}{2} + \sqrt{y}y \right) dy = \int_0^1 \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{y}{2} - y^{3/2} \right) dy \\ &= \frac{1}{2}y + \frac{1}{2} \frac{y^2}{2} - \frac{y^{5/2}}{5/2} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{7}{20}. \end{aligned}$$