

# Average Values of Continuous Functions

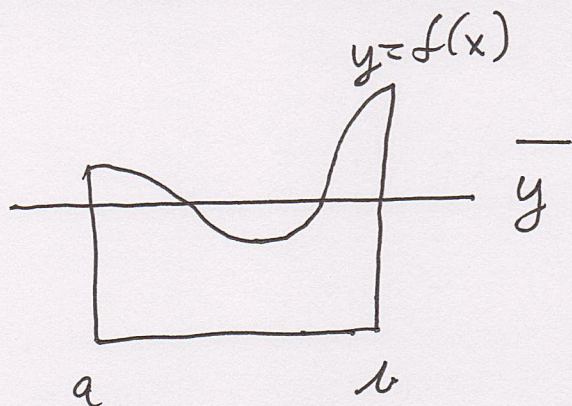
## Finite average

Given  $a_1, \dots, a_n$  the average value  
 $a_{\text{AVERAGE}} = \frac{1}{n} \left( \sum_{i=1}^n a_i \right).$

Given function  $f(x)$  on  $[a, b]$

the average value  
 $\bar{y} = \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) dx.$

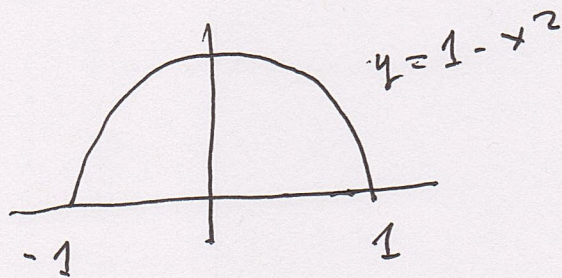
or  
 $\bar{y} \cdot (b-a) = \int_a^b f(x) dx$



$$\bar{y} \cdot (b-a) = \int_a^b f(x) dx.$$

Area under curve  $y = f(x)$  between  $a$  &  $b$   
 = area of rectangle with same base, height  
 =  $\bar{y}$ .

Example Find the average value  
 of  $y = 1 - x^2$  for  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$ .



$$\bar{y} = \frac{1}{1 - (-1)} \int_{-1}^1 (1 - x^2) dx =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( x - \frac{x^3}{3} \right) \Big|_{-1}^1 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \left( 1 - \frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{2}{3}$$

## Uniformly accelerated motion

$$v(t) = 128 - 32t$$

Find the average speed from  $t=0$  to  $t=10$ .

Let  $w(t) = |v(t)|$ , speed.

$$\bar{w} = \frac{1}{10} \int_0^{10} |v(t)| dt.$$

Break integral into two pieces where  $v \geq 0$ ,  $v \leq 0$ .

Breaking point is where  $v=0$

$$\text{SOLVE } 0 = 128 - 32t \Rightarrow t = 4.$$

So we have

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total distance} &= \int_0^{10} |128 - 32t| dt \\ &= \int_0^4 (128 - 32t) dt + \int_4^{10} (32t - 128) dt = \\ &\quad \text{here } v(t) > 0 \qquad \text{here } v(t) < 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$128t - 16t^2 \Big|_0^4 + 16t^2 - 128t \Big|_4^{10} =$$

$$(512 - 256) + (1600 - 256) = (1280 - 512)$$

$$= 256 + 1344 - 768 = 832.$$

So the average speed is

$$\frac{1}{10} \cdot 832 = 83.2.$$

Can treat to average velocity

$$\bar{v} = \frac{1}{10} \int_0^{10} (128 - 32t) dt =$$

$$\frac{1}{10} \left( 128t - 16t^2 \right) \Big|_0^{10} =$$

$$\frac{1}{10} (1280 - 1600) =$$

$$\frac{1}{10} \cdot 320 = -32.$$

So average velocity is in opposite direction ~~to~~ initial velocity.