Addendum to Lecture 19: The hyperbolic Poincaré metrics

The Poincaré metrics for the unit disk and half – plane models of hyperbolic geometry are given as follows:

<u>The unit disk model</u>

 $\frac{4(dx\,dx + dy\,dy)}{(1 - (x^2 + y^2))^2}$

<u> The upper half – plane model</u>

$$\frac{dx\,dx + dy\,dy}{y^2}$$

The two models are related by the transformation of the complex numbers sending a point z in the upper half – plane to the point w in the unit disk defined by

$$\frac{z-c}{z-c^*}$$

where c is an arbitrary point in the upper half – plane.