

MORE EXERCISES RELATED TO history02.pdf

5. Prove that the product of four consecutive positive integers is always evenly divisible by 8 (no remainder term).
6. For each of the primes $p = 13, 17, 19$ and 23 , find a solution to the Pell equation

$$m^2 = 1 + pn^2$$

such that n and m are positive integers. [*Hint and warning:* For one of these value for p , the lowest possible value of n is between 150 and 200, so some sort of program is needed. Fortunately this can be done easily even with a spread sheet: Given n , compute $pn^2 + 1$, take its square root and see if it is an integer, and move on to the next value of n .]

7. Derive the formula for x in the solution to the system of linear equations known as Thymaridas' blossom (see the last few pages of `history02.pdf`).