

FUNCTORS AND ISOMORPHISMS

Thm. Let $F: A \rightarrow B$ be a $\begin{cases} \text{contravariant} \\ \text{covariant} \end{cases}$

functor, and let $g: X \rightarrow Y$ be an isomorphism in A . Then $F(g)$ is an isomorphism in B .

Derivation(s): Let $h: Y \rightarrow X$ be the inverse morphism s.t. $h \circ g = \text{id}_X$, $g \circ h = \text{id}_Y$.

COVARIANT CASE. We have

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \text{id}_{F(X)} &= F(\text{id}_X) = F(h \circ g) = F(h) \circ F(g), \\ \text{id}_{F(Y)} &= F(\text{id}_Y) = F(g \circ h) = F(g) \circ F(h) \end{aligned} \right\}.$$

Therefore $F(g)$ is an isomorphism, and $F(h)$ is its inverse.

CONTRAVARIANT CASE. Almost the same, but now $\left. \begin{aligned} F(h \circ g) &= F(g) \circ F(h), \\ F(g \circ h) &= F(h) \circ F(g) \end{aligned} \right\}.$

In this case we conclude that $F(g): F(Y) \rightarrow F(X)$ is an isomorphism, and $F(h)$ is its inverse. ■