

MATH 7A  
Summer 2022  
Discussion Quiz 2 Solution

Five (5) points on completion plus five (5) points on correctness, for a total of ten (10) points

Use the limit definition of the derivative to compute  $f'(x)$  given

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{x^5}.$$

*Hint:* In order to compute  $f(x + h)$ , you will need to expand  $(x + h)^5$  in the denominator of  $f(x + h)$ , which means you will need to apply the Binomial Theorem

$$(a + b)^n = \binom{n}{0}a^0b^n + \binom{n}{1}a^1b^{n-1} + \binom{n}{2}a^2b^{n-2} + \cdots + \binom{n}{n-1}a^{n-1}b^1 + \binom{n}{n}a^0b^n,$$

where

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n - k)!}$$

is called the binomial coefficient and

$$n! = n(n - 1)(n - 2) \cdots 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$$

denotes the factorial of  $n$ .

*Solution.* Our binomial coefficients are

$$\begin{aligned}\binom{5}{0} &= \frac{5!}{0!(5 - 0)!} = 1, \\ \binom{5}{1} &= \frac{5!}{1!(5 - 1)!} = 5, \\ \binom{5}{2} &= \frac{5!}{2!(5 - 2)!} = 10, \\ \binom{5}{3} &= \frac{5!}{3!(5 - 3)!} = 10, \\ \binom{5}{4} &= \frac{5!}{4!(5 - 4)!} = 5, \\ \binom{5}{5} &= \frac{5!}{5!(5 - 5)!} = 1.\end{aligned}$$

The Binomial Theorem allows us to write

$$\begin{aligned}f(x + h) &= \frac{3}{(x + h)^5} \\ &= \frac{3}{\binom{5}{0}x^5h^0 + \binom{5}{1}x^4h^1 + \binom{5}{2}x^3h^2 + \binom{5}{3}x^2h^3 + \binom{5}{4}x^1h^4 + \binom{5}{5}x^0h^5} \\ &= \frac{3}{x^5 + 5x^4h + 10x^3h^2 + 10x^2h^3 + 5xh^4 + h^5}.\end{aligned}$$

So the difference quotient is

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} &= \frac{\frac{3}{x^5 + 5x^4h + 10x^3h^2 + 10x^2h^3 + 5xh^4 + h^5} - \frac{3}{x^5}}{h} \\
&= \frac{\frac{3x^5 - 3(x^5 + 5x^4h + 10x^3h^2 + 10x^2h^3 + 5xh^4 + h^5)}{x^5(x^5 + 5x^4h + 10x^3h^2 + 10x^2h^3 + 5xh^4 + h^5)}}{h} \\
&= \frac{\frac{3x^5 - 3x^5 - 15x^4h - 30x^3h^2 - 30x^2h^3 - 15xh^4 - 3h^5}{x^5(x^5 + 5x^4h + 10x^3h^2 + 10x^2h^3 + 5xh^4 + h^5)}}{h} \\
&= \frac{\frac{-15x^4h - 30x^3h^2 - 30x^2h^3 - 15xh^4 - 3h^5}{x^5(x^5 + 5x^4h + 10x^3h^2 + 10x^2h^3 + 5xh^4 + h^5)}}{h} \\
&= \frac{-15x^4h - 30x^3h^2 - 30x^2h^3 - 15xh^4 - 3h^5}{hx^5(x^5 + 5x^4h + 10x^3h^2 + 10x^2h^3 + 5xh^4 + h^5)} \\
&= \frac{h(-15x^4 - 30x^3h - 30x^2h^2 - 15xh^3 - 3h^4)}{hx^5(x^5 + 5x^4h + 10x^3h^2 + 10x^2h^3 + 5xh^4 + h^5)} \\
&= \frac{-15x^4 - 30x^3h - 30x^2h^2 - 15xh^3 - 3h^4}{x^5(x^5 + 5x^4h + 10x^3h^2 + 10x^2h^3 + 5xh^4 + h^5)}.
\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, the derivative of  $f(x)$  is

$$\begin{aligned}
f'(x) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-15x^4 - 30x^3h - 30x^2h^2 - 15xh^3 - 3h^4}{x^5(x^5 + 5x^4h + 10x^3h^2 + 10x^2h^3 + 5xh^4 + h^5)} \\
&= \frac{-15x^4 - 30x^30 - 30x^20^2 - 15x0^3 - 3 \cdot 0^4}{x^5(x^5 + 5x^40 + 10x^30^2 + 10x^20^3 + 5x0^4 + 0^5)} \\
&= \frac{-15x^4}{x^5(x^5)} \\
&= -\frac{15x^4}{x^{10}} \\
&= \boxed{-\frac{15}{x^6}}.
\end{aligned}$$

□